# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Reperies of the second second

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December 31, 2024

December 31, 2024

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# CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF MERRICKVILLE-WOLFORD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2024

	2024	2023
	$\langle \rangle$	•
NET FINANCIAL ASSI	ETS	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 5,948,924 \$	6,336,420
Investments		113,715
Taxes receivable	806,182	605,207
Accounts receivable	713,853	648,311
	N I	
	7,597,467	7,703,653
LIABILITIES	Y	
Accounts payable	1,236,796	725,007
Deferred revenue (Note 3)	99,000	499,030
Deferred revenue, obligatory reserve funds (Note 4)	31,640	366,261
Municipal debt (Note 5)	3,294,340	3,464,982
Asset retirement obligations (Note 6)	2,322,696	2,300,764
$\sim$	6,984,472	7,356,044
	0,201,172	7,550,011
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	612,995	347,609
NON-FINANCIAL ASS	ETS	
Tangible capital assets	19,918,013	18,687,429
Inventory	63,342	60,300
Prepaid expenses	25,349	12,110
	20.007.704	10 750 020
	20,006,704	18,759,839
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 20,619,699 \$	5 19,107,448

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

		BUDGET		
		2024	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
		(Note 9)	2024	2023
REVENUES				
Taxation	\$	3,921,927	3,895,807 \$	3,633,384
Fees and service charges	•	2,026,073	2,193,692	2,059,820
Grants		376,308	378,493	408,804
Investment income		331,500	469,739	395,730
Other		10,000	23,446	19,184
		6,665,808	6,961,177	6,516,922
		0,005,808	0,701,177	0,510,922
EXPENSES		$\nabla$		
General government		1,176,297	1,339,714	1,229,574
Protection services		944,305	947,431	872,889
Transportation services	C	1,842,676	1,928,601	1,637,243
Environmental services	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	1,537,628	1,710,652	1,556,884
Recreation and cultural services		384,096	469,690	341,517
Planning and development	/	388,926	319,379	375,756
$\sim$		6,273,928	6,715,467	6,013,863
		0,275,720	0,713,407	0,015,005
SURPLUS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		391,880	245,710	503,059
REVENUE RELATED TO CAPITAL AND OTHER				
Deferred revenue earned (Note 3)		602,715	648,304	-
Deferred revenue, obligatory reserve funds earned (Note 4)		400,810	433,913	-
Grants		163,032	132,697	340,042
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	51,627	-
Reversal of landfill closure and post closure liability		-	-	1,121,575
		1,166,557	1,266,541	1,461,617
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		1,558,437	1,512,251	1,964,676
		1,220,727	1,012,201	1,707,070
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, beginning of year		19,107,448	19,107,448	17,142,772
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, end of year	\$	20,665,885	§ 20,619,699 \$	19,107,448

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS**

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	BUDGET 2024 (Note 9)	ACTUAL 2024	ACTUAL 2023
Surplus for the year Amortization of tangible assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	\$ 1,558,437 826,000 (3,391,611)	\$ 1,512,251 1,090,886 (2,321,470) 51,627	\$ 1,964,676 848,419 (535,578)
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Asset retirement obligations Change in inventory Change in prepaid expenses	S <sup>R</sup>	(51,627) (3,042) (13,239)	(2,300,764) 6,588 9,745
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(1,007,174)	265,386	(6,914)
Net financial assets, beginning of year Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$ (659,565)	347,609 \$ 612,995	354,523 \$ 347,609
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See Accompanying Notes 3

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	2024	2023
CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	×	>
Surplus for the year	\$ 1,512,251	\$ 1,964,676
Item not affecting cash	\$ 1,512,251 y	φ 1,901,070
Amortization expense	1,090,886	848,419
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(51,627)	
Accretion expense	21,932	-
Reversal of landfill closure and post closure costs liability		(1,121,575)
Changes in non-each working conital halances	2,573,442	1,691,520
Changes in non-cash working capital balances Taxes receivable	(200,975)	40,208
Accounts receivable	(65,542)	(11,298)
Inventory	(3,042)	6,588
Prepaid expenses	(13,239)	9,745
Accounts payable	511,789	(338,954)
Deferred revenue	(400,030)	107,708
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds	(334,621)	106,414
	2,067,782	1,611,931
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of municipal debt	(170,642)	(164,339)
CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Purchase of investments	51,627 (2,321,470) (14,793)	(535,578) (13,846)
	(2,284,636)	(549,424)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(387,496)	898,168
CASH, beginning of year	6,336,420	5,438,252
CASH, end of year	\$ 5,948,924	\$ 6,336,420
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# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Land and Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery and equipment	Water and waste wate		Bridges	2024	2023
Cost									
Balance, beginning of year Additions during the year Disposals during the year Asset retirement obligations	\$ 2,800,067 \$ 108,334	3,018,878 \$ 189,948 - -	3,052,895 257,169 640,000	\$ 2,584,105 263,853 69,050	\$ 13,326,325 209,150	5 4,828,636 1,293,016	\$ 1,017,907 - - -	\$ 30,628,813 2,321,470 709,050	\$ 27,877,471 535,578 85,000 2,300,764
Balance, end of year	2,908,401	3,208,826	2,670,064	2,778,908	13,535,475	6,121,652	1,017,907	32,241,233	30,628,813
Accumulated Amortization									
Balance, beginning of year Amortization during the year Amortization on disposals	61,137 61,309	1,092,232 86,775	1,815,088 149,862 640,000	1,845,505 136,578 69,050	4,734,468 356,765	1,539,206 276,698	853,748 22,899	11,941,384 1,090,886 709,050	11,177,965 848,419 85,000
Balance, end of year	122,446	1,179,007	1,324,950	1,913,033	5,091,233	1,815,904	876,647	12,323,220	11,941,384
Net book value 2024	\$ 2,785,955 \$	2,029,819 \$	1,345,114	\$ 865,875	\$ 8,444,242 \$	5 4,305,748	\$ 141,260	\$ 19,918,013	\$ 18,687,429
Net book value 2023	\$ 2,738,930 \$	1,926,646 \$	1,237,807	\$ 738,600	\$ 8,591,857 \$	3,289,430	\$ 164,159	\$ 18,687,429	

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# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2024	2023
Operating surpluses	$\langle \rangle$	
Operating surplus (Note 9)	<b>s</b> ->>> <b>s</b>	-
Water and sewer surplus (Note 9)	Λ- <b>Υ΄</b>	-
Library board surplus	74,062	62,025
Total operating surpluses	74,062	62,025
Reserves	₹-	
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by Council:		
Working capital	1,903,558	1,814,876
Vehicle replacement	379,062	360,623
Modernization	118,777	187,723
Capital	313,984	613,247
Capital contingency	1,274,811	1,066,775
Landfill	290,000	275,000
Self insurance	205,000	205,000
Library	121,515	109,085
Water and sewer	1,462,496	1,299,965
Building department	71,741	71,741
Hospital	41,900	45,000
Recreation	8,019	8,019
Election	18,780	13,780
Information technology	8,000	15,000
Museum	2,884	2,884
Total reserves	6,220,527	6,088,718
Equity in tangible capital assets		
Tangihla conital essets	10 019 013	19 697 420
Tangible capital assets Less: related debt	19,918,013	18,687,429
Less: asset retirement obligations	(3,270,207) (2,322,696)	(3,429,960) (2,300,764)
	(2,322,090)	(2,300,704)
Total equity in tangible capital assets	14,325,110	12,956,705
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 20,619,699 \$	19,107,448

# CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	Operating Surpluses	Reserves	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 62,025	\$ 6,088,718	\$ 12,956,705	\$ 19,107,448	\$ 17,142,772
Surplus for the year Reserve funds used for operations Funds transferred to reserves Current year funds used for tangible capital assets Change in asset retirement obligations Annual amortization expense	1,512,251 1,281,031 (1,412,840) (2,321,470) 21,932 1,090,886	(1,281,031) 1,412,840	2,321,470 (21,932) (1,090,886)	1,512,251 - - - - -	1,964,676 - - - -
Municipal debt repaid Change in accumulated surplus	(159,753)	131,809	<u> </u>	- 1,512,251	- 1,964,676
Balance, end of year	\$ 74,062	\$ 6,220,527	\$ 14,325,110	\$ 20,619,699	\$ 19,107,448
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# **CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE**

	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Services	Environmental Services		r Recreation and I Cultural Services		2024	2023
REVENUE									
Taxation Fees and service charges Grants Investment income Other	\$ 1,368,250 94,687 312,152 441,920	\$ 1,078,402 10,954 8,580 2,708	\$ 792,885 11,554 957 -	\$ 48,800 163,172 36,308	\$ 1,586,636 -	\$ 420,053 \$ 55,886 20,496 25,111 23,446	187,417 270,803 - -	\$ 3,895,807 2,193,692 378,493 469,739 23,446	\$ 3,633,384 2,059,820 408,804 395,730 19,184
	2,217,009	1,100,644	805,396	248,280	1,586,636	544,992	458,220	6,961,177	6,516,922
EXPENSES									
Wages and benefits Interest on municipal debt Materials and services Contracted services Insurance and financial costs Third party transfers Amortization	706,355 364,382 206,751 27,036 35,190	183,167 8,562 169,117 428,784 25,839 25,695 106,267	861,814 14,442 528,338 92,473 	21,307 102,689 82,411 -	121,009 175,568 792,824 25,617 389,227	137,754 - 161,251 - 42,017 - 128,668	119,088 7,785 192,506 - -	2,029,485 151,798 1,693,851 1,304,019 392,697 52,731 1,090,886	1,863,401 151,444 1,428,979 1,286,703 390,570 44,347 848,419
	1,339,714	947,431	1,928,601	206,407	1,504,245	469,690	319,379	6,715,467	6,013,863
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE OTHER ITEMS	877,295	153,213	(1,123,205)	41,873	82,391	75,302	138,841	245,710	503,059
REVENUE RELATED TO CAPITAL AN	D OTHER	<b>V</b>							
Deferred revenue, obligatory reserve fun Grants and deferred revenue earned Gain on disposal of tangible capital asse Reversal of landfill closure and post closure liability		27,964	433,913 730,360 -	- - -	- - -	22,677	- - -	433,913 781,001 51,627	340,042 1,121,575
	51,627	27,964	1,164,273	-	_	22,677	-	1,266,541	1,461,617
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	\$ 928,922	\$ 181,177	\$ 41,068	\$ 41,873	\$ 82,391	\$ 97,979 \$	138,841	\$ 1,512,251	\$ 1,964,676

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and include the following significant accounting policies:

### (a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Consolidated entities

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, sources of financing and expenses and include the activities of all committees of Council and the following local board:

The Corporation of the Village of Merrickville - Wolford Library Board

### (ii) Non-consolidated entities

There are no non-consolidated entities.

(iii) Accounting for United Counties and school board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards, and the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville are not reflected in the municipal fund balances of these consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Accrual basis of accounting

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

### (c) Measurement uncertainty (use of estimates)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires administration to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of tangible capital assets, the valuation of allowances for doubtful taxes and accounts receivable, the valuation of inventories, and asset retirement obligations. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

### (d) Taxation and related revenue

Property tax billings are issued by the Municipality based on assessment rolls prepared by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC") and collects property tax revenue for municipal purposes, county taxes on behalf of the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville, provincial education taxes on behalf of the Province of Ontario, payments in lieu of taxation, local improvements and other charges. The authority to levy and collect property taxes is established under the *Municipal Act 2001*, the *Assessment Act*, the *Education Act* and other legalisation.

Taxation revenue consists of non-exchange transactions and is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates and a reasonable estimate of the amounts can be made. Annual taxation revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments and appeals to prior years' assessments. The Municipality is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (e) Government grants and transfers

Government grants transfers are the transfer of assets from other levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. The Municipality recognizes a government grant or transfer as revenue when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria, if any, have been met. A government grant or transfer with stipulations giving rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability is recognized as a liability. In such circumstances, the Municipality recognizes revenue as the liability is settled.

### (f) Fees and service charges

Fees and service charges are recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered. Examples include, but are not limited to, water and waste water charges, solid waste tipping fees, licensing fees, permits, and other fees from various recreation programs and facilities.

### (g) Investment income

Investment income earned on surplus funds is reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory funds such as parkland allowances and gas tax funds is added to the associated funds and forms part of the respective deferred revenue, obligatory reserve fund balances.

### (h) Cash

Cash is defined as cash on hand and cash on deposit.

### (i) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Cost approximate fair value of the investments.

### (j) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents government transfers that have been received for specific purposes, but the respective expenses has not been incurred to date. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the year the expenses are incurred.

### (k) Deferred revenue, obligatory reserve funds

The Municipality receives restricted contributions under the authority of federal and provincial legislation. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and are recorded as deferred revenue until applied to applicable costs. Amounts applied to qualifying expenditures are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

### (l) Employee benefits

Employee benefits include vacation entitlement and sick leave benefits. Vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued in accordance with the Municipality's policy. The Municipality accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), as a defined contribution plan.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (m) Reserves and reserve funds

Certain amounts, as approved by Council, are set aside in reserves and reserve funds for future operating and capital purposes. Transfers to and from reserves and reserve funds are an adjustment to the respective fund when approved.

### (n) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

### (i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	20 to 40 years
Buildings	20 to 50 years
Vehicles	5 to 20 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 20 years
Water and waste plants and networks	
underground networks	40 to 100 years
sewage treatment plants	40 to 75 years
water pumping stations and reservoirs	40 to 75 years
flood stations and other infrastructure	40 to 75 years
Transportation	
roads	7 to 50 years
bridges and structures	25 to 75 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use, at which time they are capitalized.

Active landfills are amortized annually based on the remaining estimated useful life. The estimated costs to close and maintain currently active landfill sites are based on estimated future expenses in current dollars, adjusted for estimated inflation, and are charged to expense as the landfill sites capacity is used.

The Municipality has a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 so that individual tangible capital assets of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons. Examples of pooled assets are desktop computer systems, vehicles, utility poles and defibrillators.

### (ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of the transfer.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (n) Non-financial assets (Continued)

### (iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

### (iv) Inventory

Inventory held for consumption is recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

### (o) Asset retirement obligations

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to retire a tangible capital asset at the financial statement date when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset, the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at fiscal year-end. The best estimate of an asset retirement obligation incorporates a present value technique, when the cash flows required to settle or otherwise extinguish an asset retirement obligation are expected to occur over extended future periods.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is capitalized to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The asset retirement cost is amortized over the useful life of the related asset.

At each financial reporting date, the Municipality reviews the carrying amount of the asset retirement obligation liability. The Municipality recognizes period-to-period changes to the liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense. Changes to the liability arising from revisions to either the timing, the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows or the discount rate are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset.

The Municipality continues to recognize the asset retirement obligation liability relating to the landfill post-closure costs until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made.



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (p) Liability for contaminated sites

A liability for contaminated sites arises when contamination is being introduced into the air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds the maximum acceptable concentrations under an environmental standard. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all of the following criteria are met:

- (i) An environmental standard exists;
- (ii) Contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- (iii) The Municipality is directly responsible, or accepts responsibility to remediate the site;
- (iv) The Municipality expects that future economic benefits will be given up, and
- (v) A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Liabilities are accrued to record the estimated costs related to the management and remediation of contaminated sites. The liability estimate includes costs that are directly attributable to the remediation activities and includes integral postremediation operation, maintenance and monitoring costs that are a part of the remediation strategy for the contaminated site. The costs that would be included in a liability are:

- Costs directly attributable to remediation activities (for example, payroll and benefits, equipment and facilities, materials, and legal and other professional services); and
- Costs of tangible capital assets acquired as part of remediation activities to the extent they have no other alternative use.

The measurement of a liability is based on estimates and professional judgment. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. The carrying amount of a liability is reviewed at each financial reporting date with any revisions to the amount previously recognized accounted for in the period in which revisions are made.

A contingency is disclosed if all of the above criteria are not met.

### (q) Segments

The Municipality conducts its operations through seven reportable segments: General Government, Protection Services, Transportation Services, Environmental Services which includes Water and Sewer Services, Recreation and Cultural Services, and Planning and Development. These segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the Municipality's long-term objectives to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance.





# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (r) Financial instruments

The Municipality recognizes its financial instruments when the Municipality becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Municipality may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The Municipality has made no such election during the year. The Municipality subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost.

The Municipality subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the trade date. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. The Municipality has not presented a statement of remeasurement gains and losses as it does not have any items giving rise to remeasurement gains (losses). Interest income is recognized in the statement of financial activities.

Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost. With the exception of those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized into income. Conversely, transaction costs are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

All financial assets except derivatives are tested annually for impairment. Management considers whether the investee has experienced continued losses for a period of years, recent collection experience for the loan, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is recorded in the statement of operations. Write-downs of financial assets measured at cost and/or amortized cost to reflect losses in value are not reversed for subsequent increases in value. Reversals of any net remeasurements of financial assets measured at fair value are reported in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses in the fiscal year it occurs.

# 2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Revenue recognition**

Effective January 1, 2024, the Municipality adopted the Public Sector Accounting Board's ("PSAB") new standard for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of revenue under PS 3400 Revenue. The new standard establishes when to recognize and how to measure revenue and provides the related financial statement presentation and disclosure requirements. Pursuant to these recommendations, the change was applied retroactively, and prior periods have not been restated.

Under the new standard, revenue is differentiated between revenue arising from transactions that include performance obligations, referred to as "exchange transactions", and transactions that do not have performance obligations, referred to as "non-exchange transactions."

There was no material impact on the financial statements from the retroactive application of the new accounting recommendations.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### **3. DEFERRED REVENUE**

Deferred revenue represents funds received from the Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund ("OCIF"), Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program ("ICIP"), Ontario Trillium Foundation ("OTF") and others to finance reconstruction costs of specific roads. The balances and transactions are summarized as follows:

			OTF	JY	
	OCIF	ICIP	and others	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 386,090	\$ 102,713	\$ 10,227 \$	499,030	\$ 391,321
Grants received	135,456	_	99,000	234,456	121,865
Interest earned	18,649	5,396		24,045	25,106
Utilized for operating purposes	-	_	(10,227)	(10,227)	-
Utilized for capital acquisitions	(540,195)	(108,109)		(648,304)	(39,262)
Balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,000 \$	99,000	\$ 499,030
		1			

# 4. DEFERRED REVENUE, OBLIGATORY RESERVE FUNDS

A requirement of Canadian public sector accounting standards is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds are summarized as follows:

ionows.	C	Federal Gas						
		Tax		Parkland		2024		2023
Balance, beginning of year	$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{s}}$	317,207	\$	49,054	\$	366,261	\$	259,847
Grants received		100,080	*	-	+	100,080	*	101,499
Interest and other	,	16,626		5,262		21,888		21,463
Deferred revenue earned		(433,913)		(22,676)		(456,589)		(16,548)
Balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	31,640	\$	31,640	\$	366,261
P.M.								

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 5. MUNICIPAL DEBT

(a) The balance of municipal debt reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is comprised of the following:

276,195	\$ 294,901
2,711,788	2,802,400
-	12,808
236,899	252,724
45,325	67,128
24,133	35,021
3,294,340	\$ 3,464,982
ns are as follow	ws:
158,486	
163,410	
146,081	
151,933	
151,366	
667,230	
1,855,834	
3,294,340	
	ollowing sources
2025 - 2029	2030 - thereaf
226 124	¢ 221.095
	\$ 321,985
24,133 510,709	2,201,079
	<b>2,711,788 236,899 45,325 24,133 3,294,340</b> Ins are as follow 158,486 163,410 146,081 151,933 151,366 667,230 1,855,834 3,294,340 Dele from the f 2025 - 2029 236,434 24,133

\$

771,276

\$ 2,523,064

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 6. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Municipality's asset retirement obligations include one solid waste landfill sites closure and post closure monitoring costs and the estimated removal costs of asbestosis from municipal buildings.

The Municipality operates one solid waste landfill site. The site has an estimated remaining life of 41 years, as a result of an amended provisional certificate of approval from the Ministry of the Environment dated March 2016. The estimate associated with closure and post-closure include costs such as clay, topsoil, hydro seed, site preparation, equipment, ditching, drainage, fencing and post-closure monitoring estimated for 25 years.

The liability for closure of the open site and post-closure care has been recognized based the present value of future costs. Total closure and post-closure costs are estimated to be \$2,880,000 with \$2,052,696 (2023 - \$2,030,764) being accrued at the end of the current fiscal year based upon an average inflation rate of 2.9% and a discount rate of 3.98% being the Municipalities' borrowing rate. The estimated liability for future asbestos removal costs is \$270,000 (2023 - \$270,000).

	Y	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Liabilities incurred relating to landfill closure and post closure costs Liabilities incurred relating to asbestosis removal costs from building	5	2,300,764	\$ 1,121,575 909,189 270,000
Accretion		21,932	-
Balance, end of year	9	2,322,696	\$ 2,300,764

These costs are to be recovered from future taxation revenue and reserves.

### 7. OPERATING EXPENSES BY OBJECT 🥿

	BUDGET 2024		ACTUAL 2024		ACTUAL 2023	
Wages and benefits Interest on municipal debt	\$	2,105,317 150,659	\$	2,029,485 151,798	\$	1,863,401 151,444
Materials and services		1,509,232		1,693,851		1,428,979
Contracted services		1,310,902		1,304,019		1,286,703
Insurance and other financial costs		331,273		392,697		390,570
Third party transfers		40,545		52,731		44,347
Amortization		826,000		1,090,886		848,419
	\$	6,273,928	\$	6,715,467	\$	6,013,863

# CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF MERRICKVILLE-WOLFORD NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### 8. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The Municipality is a member of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS") which is a multiemployer retirement plan. The plan is a contributory defined benefit plan that specifies the amount of retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employers and employees contribute to the plan. Since any surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees, the Municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension deficit of \$2.9 billion (2023 - \$4.2 billion) in these consolidated financial statements.

The employer's amount contributed to OMERS for 2024 was \$115,490 (2023 - \$118,850) for current service and is included as an expense on the consolidated statement of financial activities.

### 9. OPERATING SURPLUS

The operating surplus for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$275,236 (2023)- \$171,700) which was transferred to the working capital reserve. The water and sewer surplus was \$163,845 (2023 - \$109,631) which was transferred to the water and sewer reserve. The library board surplus was \$12,037 (2023 - \$16,455) which was allocated to the library surplus account.

account.	BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
	2024	2024	2023
Surplus for the year	1,558,437	\$ 1,512,251	\$ 1,964,676
Funds transferred to reserves	(941,860)	(973,758)	(855,616)
Reserve funds used for operations and capital	2,108,788	1,281,031	151,529
Principal payment on long-term debt and capital leases	(159,754)	(159,754)	(154,069)
Change in asset retirement obligations	-	21,932	(1, 121, 575)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(3,391,611)	(2,321,470)	(535,578)
Annual amortization expense	826,000	1,090,886	848,419
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(51,627)	-
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	51,627	-
Operating surplus for the year	-	451,118	297,786
Transfer of surplus to water and sewer reserve	-	(163,845)	(109,631)
Transfer of surplus to library board surplus	-	(12,037)	(16,455)
Transfer of surplus to working capital reserve	-	(275,236)	(171,700)
	\$ -	\$ - 2	\$ -

### **10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Municipality is responsible for providing a range of services to its citizens. For management reporting purposes the Municipality's operations and activities are organized and reported by department. These departments are reported by functional area in the body of the consolidated financial statements similar to reporting reflected in the Ontario Financial Information Return. These functional areas represent segments for the Village of Merrickville - Wolford and expended disclosure by object has been reflected in the schedule of segmented disclosure.

For each segment separately reported, the segment revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### **10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Continued)**

A brief description of each segment follows:

(a) General government

General government includes corporate services and governance of the Municipality. Administration as a segment includes operating and maintaining municipal owned buildings, human resource management, legal, communications, information systems and technology, support to Council for policy development, by-law development in compliance with the Municipal Act, tax billing and collection responsibilities, financial management reporting, monitoring and overall budget status as well as frontline reception and customer service.

(b) Protection services

Protection services includes fire protection, conservation authority, protective inspection and control and emergency measures. Fire protection includes inspection, extinguishing and suppression services, emergency medical first response, and prevention education and training programs. Inspection and control includes building inspection, by-law enforcement and dog control services.

(c) Transportation services

Transportation services includes administration and operation of traffic and parking services for the Municipality. In addition, services are provided for winter and summer road maintenance along with the repair and construction of the municipal roads system including bridges and culverts, as well as operation and maintenance of a fleet of vehicles and equipment for use in providing services to the Municipality.

(d) Environmental services

Environmental services includes waste collection, disposal and recycling services.

(e) Water and sewer services

Water and sewer services includes the operation of water and waste water facilities and infrastructure for the collection and distribution of both water and sewer services within the Municipality.

(f) Recreation and cultural services

Recreation and cultural services provides services that contribute to neighbourhood development and sustainability through the provision of recreation and leisure programs and facilities including community halls, libraries, parks, recreation fields, and arenas.

(g) Planning and development

Planning and development manages development for business interests, environmental concerns, heritage matters, local neighbourhoods and community development. It also facilitates economic development by providing services for the approval of all land development plans and the application and enforcement of the zoning by-law and official plan.

### **11. BUDGET FIGURES**

The 2024 budget amounts that were approved on March 11, 2024 were established for Capital, Reserves and Reserve Funds and are based on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### **12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Municipality, as part of their operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

### Credit concentration

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Municipality to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of taxes and accounts receivable. However, credit exposure is limited due to the Municipality's large customer base.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. Changes in market interest rates may have an effect on the cash flows associated with some financial assets and liabilities, known as cash flow risk, and on the fair value of other financial assets or liabilities, known as price risk.

The Municipality is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk with respect to long-term debt and taxes receivable. However, the exposure is limited as all long-term debt and taxes receivable are at a fixed interest rate.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The Municipality manages liquidity risk by continually monitoring actual and forecasted cash flows from operations to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

PAR FOR

# FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended December 31, 2024

# FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (000's)

	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Revenues							*	>	
Taxation	\$ 3,89	6 \$	3,633	\$	3,526	\$	3,361	\$	3,325
Fees and service charges	2,19		2,060		2,136		1,786		1,782
Grants	37	8	409		425		4\$1		487
Investment income	47	0	396		190		145		170
Other	2	3	19		28		28		25
	6,96	1	6,517		6,305		5,771		5,789
Expenses									
General government	1,34	0	1,230		1.066		990		981
Protection to persons and property			873		850		868		844
Transportation services	1,92		1,637		1.567		1,195		1,164
Environmental	1,92		1,037		1,599		1,193		1,104
Recreation and cultural services	46		341	/	353		278		232
	31		376	$\wedge$	472		318		411
Planning and development	31	9	370	X	4/2		518		411
	6,71	5	6,014	<u>)'</u>	5,907		5,136		5,163
Surplus before other items	24	6	503		398		635		626
Revenue related to capital and oth	ner		$\mathbf{\mathcal{N}}$						
Deferred revenue earned	1,08	2	$\sim$		-		429		-
Grants	13	3	340		185		54		-
capital assets	5	2	_		-		-		-
Reversal of landfill closure costs	-		1,122		-		-		-
	1,26	7	1,462		185		483		-
Surplus for the year	\$ 1,51	3 \$	1,965	\$	583	\$	1,118	\$	626
surprus for the year	\$ 1,51	ψ	1,905	Ψ	505	Ψ	1,110	Ψ	020
	×,								
PROPERTY TAXES BILLED (00	90's)								
	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Own Purposes	\$ 3,89	6 \$	3,633	\$	3,526	\$	3,361	\$	3,325
	1,81		1,655	Ψ	1,573	Ψ	1,502	Ψ	1,463
Upper-Her Multicipality			804		806		774		863
	83				000		/ / <b>T</b>		(((),))
Upper-Tier Municipality School Boards	83	2	004						

# CORPORATION OF THE VILLAGE OF MERRICKVILLE-WOLFORD FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended December 31, 2024

### TAXABLE ASSESSMENT (000's)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Residential and farm Commercial and industrial	\$ 408,596 27,980	\$ 396,905 27,194	\$ 392,874 26,033	\$ 384,584 26,219	\$ 378,407 24,338
	\$ 436,576	\$ 424,099	\$ 418,907	\$ 410,803	\$ 402,745
Exempt	16,656	15,858	16,092	15,952	17,148
	\$ 453,232	\$ 439,957	\$ 434,999	\$ 426,755	\$ 419,893
Commercial and industrial	6.41%	6.41%	6.21%	6.38%	6.04%
Municipal residential tax rate	0.888%	0.850%	0.835%	0.811%	0.811%
FINANCIAL INDICATORS	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	2024	2023	7 2022	2021	2020
Tax arrears Percentage of own levy	21 %	17 %	18 %	22 %	27 %
Percentage of total levy	12 %	10 %	11 %	12 %	15 %
Municipal debt	\$ 3,270,207	\$ 3,429,960	\$ 3,584,030	\$ 3,732,763	\$ 3,986,086
Municipal debt charges	\$ 311,553	\$ 305,513	\$ 309,254	\$ 412,715	\$ 456,832
<b>Sustainability</b> Financial assets to liabilities	1.09	1.05	1.05	1.01	0.83
Financial assets to liabilities excluding municipal debt	2.07	1.91	2.31	2.50	2.15
Municipal debt to tangible capital assets	16.42 %	18.35 %	21.46 %	22.72 %	24.26 %
Flexibility Debt charges to total operating revenue	4.48 %	4.69 %	4.91 %	7.13 %	7.89 %
Total operating revenue to taxable assessment	15.36 %	14.81 %	14.49 %	13.56 %	13.79 %
Vulnerability Operating grants to operating revenue	5.44 %	6.27 %	6.74 %	7.81 %	8.41 %
Total grants to total revenues	5.44 % 6.21 %	9.39 %	9.40 %	7.81 % 8.07 %	8.41 % 8.41 %
Reserve coverage Reserves	\$ 6,220,527	\$ 6,088,718	\$ 5,103,300	\$4,828,191	\$ 3,909,575
Reserves to operating expense		101 %	86 %	94 %	76 %
Reserves to working capital	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.98	0.97